

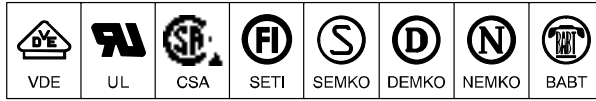


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## 6-Pin DIP Optoisolators Transistor Output

The 4N25, 4N26, 4N27 and 4N28 devices consist of a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a monolithic silicon phototransistor detector.

- Most Economical Optoisolator Choice for Medium Speed, Switching Applications
- Meets or Exceeds All JEDEC Registered Specifications
- **To order devices that are tested and marked per VDE 0884 requirements, the suffix "V" must be included at end of part number. VDE 0884 is a test option.**

### Applications

- General Purpose Switching Circuits
- Interfacing and coupling systems of different potentials and impedances
- I/O Interfacing
- Solid State Relays

### MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
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#### INPUT LED

Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	3	Volts
Forward Current — Continuous	$I_F$	60	mA
LED Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ with Negligible Power in Output Detector Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	120	mW
		1.41	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

#### OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

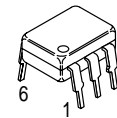
Collector–Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	30	Volts
Emitter–Collector Voltage	$V_{ECO}$	7	Volts
Collector–Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	70	Volts
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	150	mA
Detector Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ with Negligible Power in Input LED Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	150	mW
		1.76	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

#### TOTAL DEVICE

Isolation Surge Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (Peak ac Voltage, 60 Hz, 1 sec Duration)	$V_{ISO}$	7500	Vac(pk)
Total Device Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	250 2.94	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	$T_A$	-55 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature (10 sec, 1/16" from case)	$T_L$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

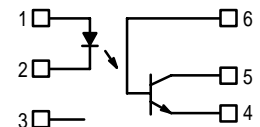
1. Isolation surge voltage is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating.  
For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

**4N25**  
**4N26**  
**4N27**  
**4N28**



STANDARD THRU HOLE

### SCHEMATIC



- PIN 1. LED ANODE  
2. LED CATHODE  
3. N.C.  
4. EMITTER  
5. COLLECTOR  
6. BASE

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Unit
<b>INPUT LED</b>					
Forward Voltage ( $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ )	$V_F$	—	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 1.15	1.5	Volts
			$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ 1.3	—	
			$T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$ 1.05	—	
Reverse Leakage Current ( $V_R = 3\text{ V}$ )	$I_R$	—	—	100	$\mu\text{A}$
Capacitance ( $V = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ )	$C_J$	—	18	—	$\text{pF}$

**OUTPUT TRANSISTOR**

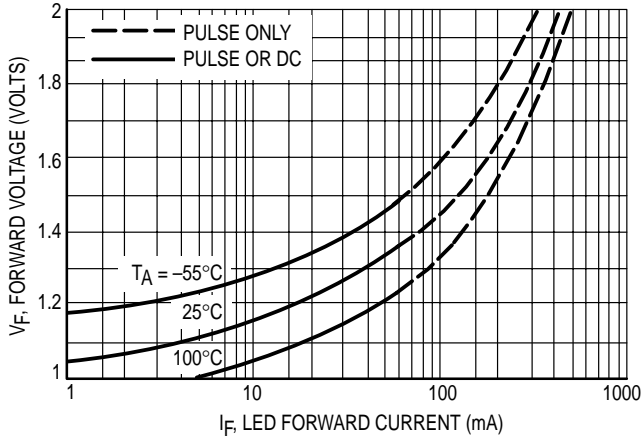
Collector–Emitter Dark Current ( $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	4N25,26,27 4N28	$I_{CEO}$	—	1	50	nA
( $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )	All Devices		—	1	—	$\mu\text{A}$
Collector–Base Dark Current ( $V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$ )		$I_{CBO}$	—	0.2	—	nA
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ )		$V_{(BR)CEO}$	30	45	—	Volts
Collector–Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ )		$V_{(BR)CBO}$	70	100	—	Volts
Emitter–Collector Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ )		$V_{(BR)ECO}$	7	7.8	—	Volts
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$ )		$h_{FE}$	—	500	—	—
Collector–Emitter Capacitance ( $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $V_{CE} = 0$ )		$C_{CE}$	—	7	—	$\text{pF}$
Collector–Base Capacitance ( $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $V_{CB} = 0$ )		$C_{CB}$	—	19	—	$\text{pF}$
Emitter–Base Capacitance ( $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $V_{EB} = 0$ )		$C_{EB}$	—	9	—	$\text{pF}$

**COUPLED**

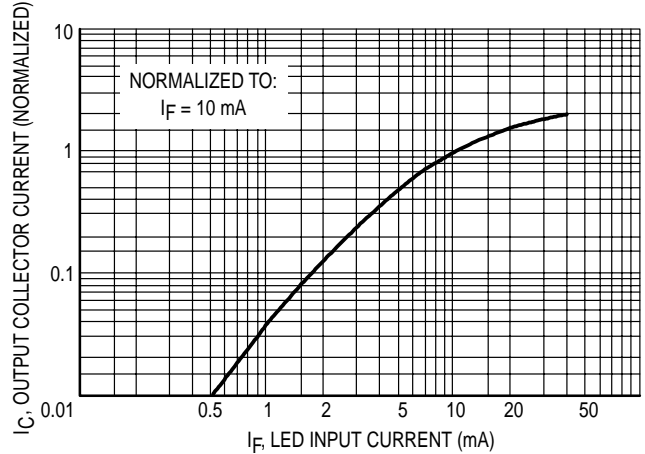
Output Collector Current ( $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ )	$I_C$ (CTR) <sup>(2)</sup>	2 (20) 1 (10)	7 (70) 5 (50)	— —	mA (%)
4N25,26 4N27,28					
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$ , $I_F = 50\text{ mA}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	0.15	0.5	Volts
Turn–On Time ( $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$ ) <sup>(3)</sup>	$t_{on}$	—	2.8	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Turn–Off Time ( $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$ ) <sup>(3)</sup>	$t_{off}$	—	4.5	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Rise Time ( $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$ ) <sup>(3)</sup>	$t_r$	—	1.2	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Fall Time ( $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$ ) <sup>(3)</sup>	$t_f$	—	1.3	—	$\mu\text{s}$
Isolation Voltage ( $f = 60\text{ Hz}$ , $t = 1\text{ sec}$ ) <sup>(4)</sup>	$V_{ISO}$	7500	—	—	Vac(pk)
Isolation Resistance ( $V = 500\text{ V}$ ) <sup>(4)</sup>	$R_{ISO}$	$10^{11}$	—	—	$\Omega$
Isolation Capacitance ( $V = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ ) <sup>(4)</sup>	$C_{ISO}$	—	0.2	—	$\text{pF}$

1. Always design to the specified minimum/maximum electrical limits (where applicable).
2. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) =  $I_C/I_F \times 100\%$ .
3. For test circuit setup and waveforms, refer to Figure 11.
4. For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

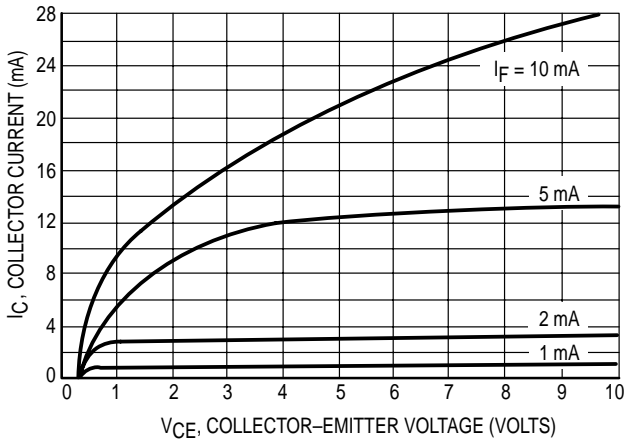
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



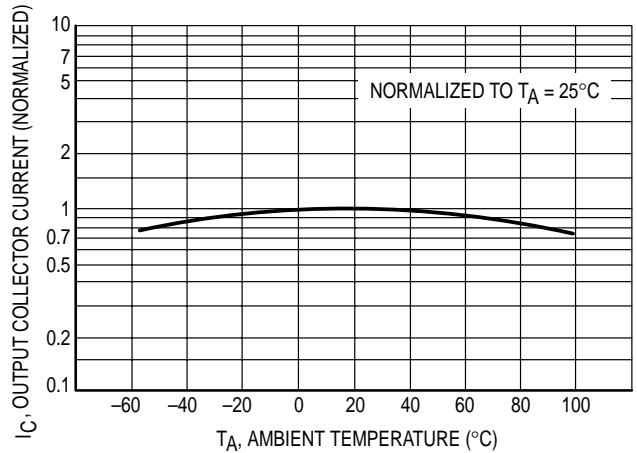
**Figure 1. LED Forward Voltage versus Forward Current**



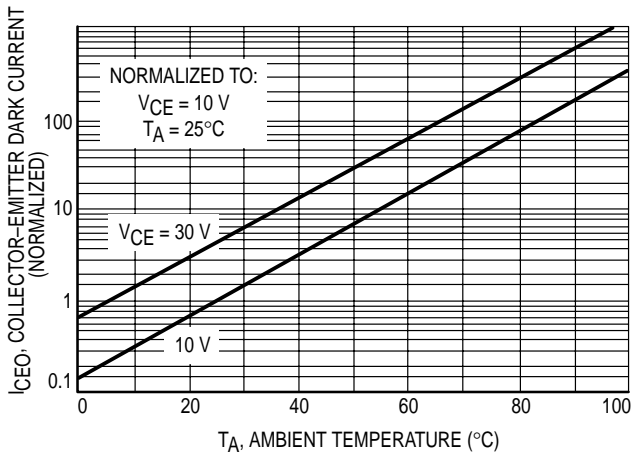
**Figure 2. Output Current versus Input Current**



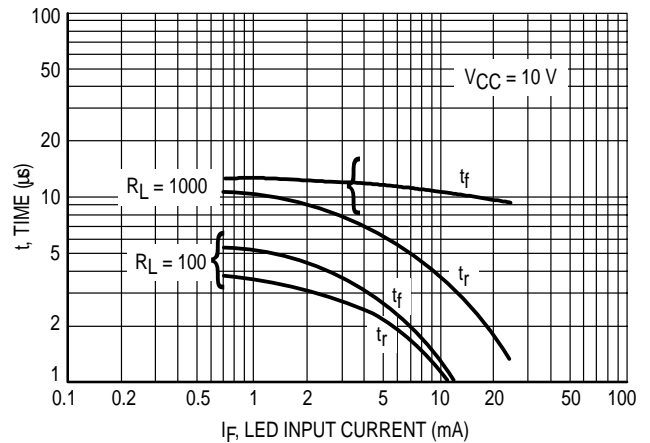
**Figure 3. Collector Current versus Collector-Emitter Voltage**



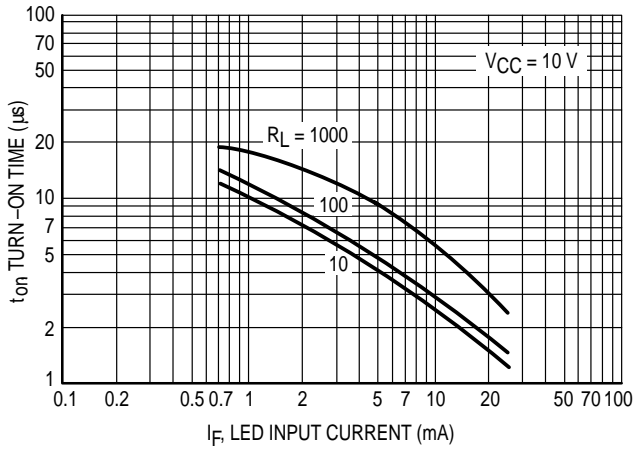
**Figure 4. Output Current versus Ambient Temperature**



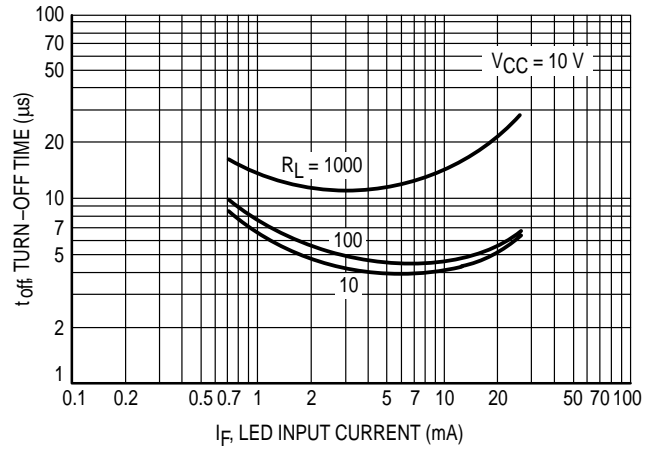
**Figure 5. Dark Current versus Ambient Temperature**



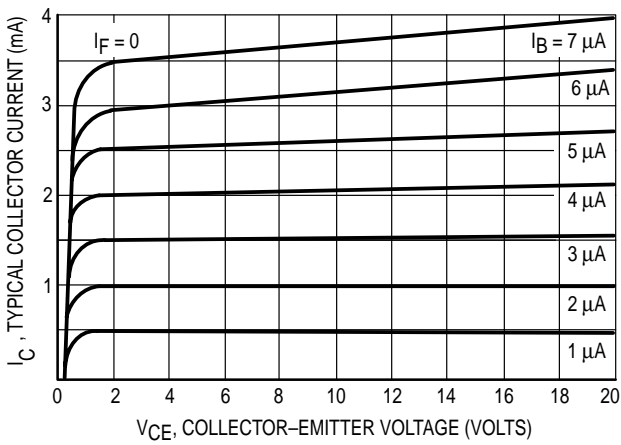
**Figure 6. Rise and Fall Times (Typical Values)**



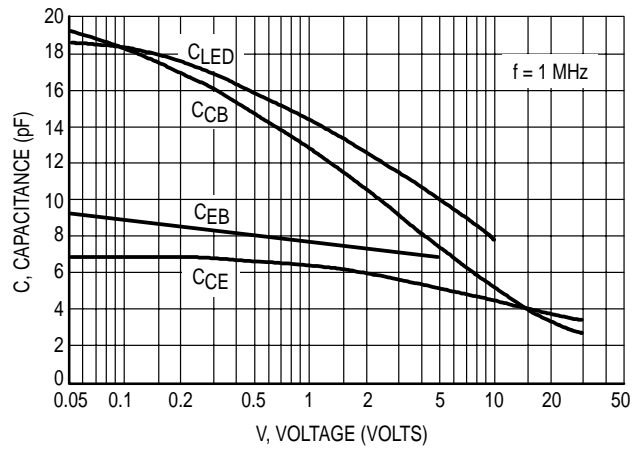
**Figure 7. Turn-On Switching Times (Typical Values)**



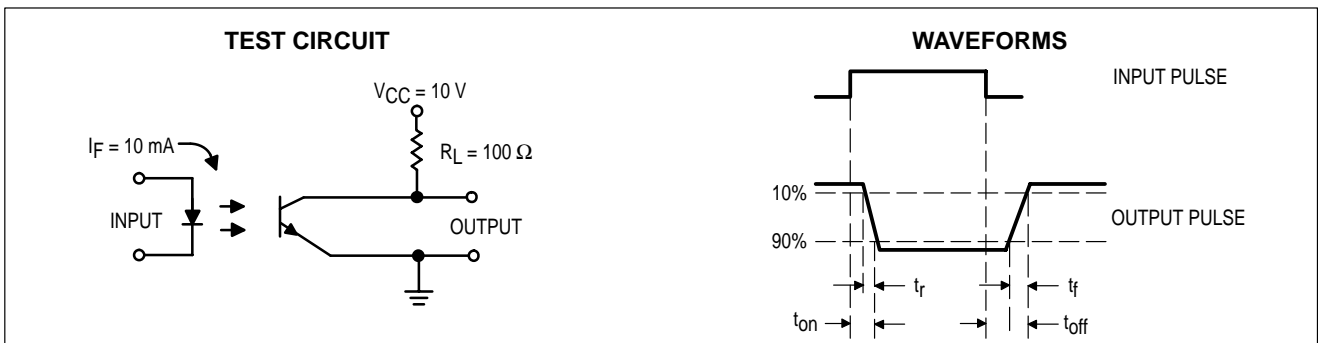
**Figure 8. Turn-Off Switching Times (Typical Values)**



**Figure 9. DC Current Gain (Detector Only)**

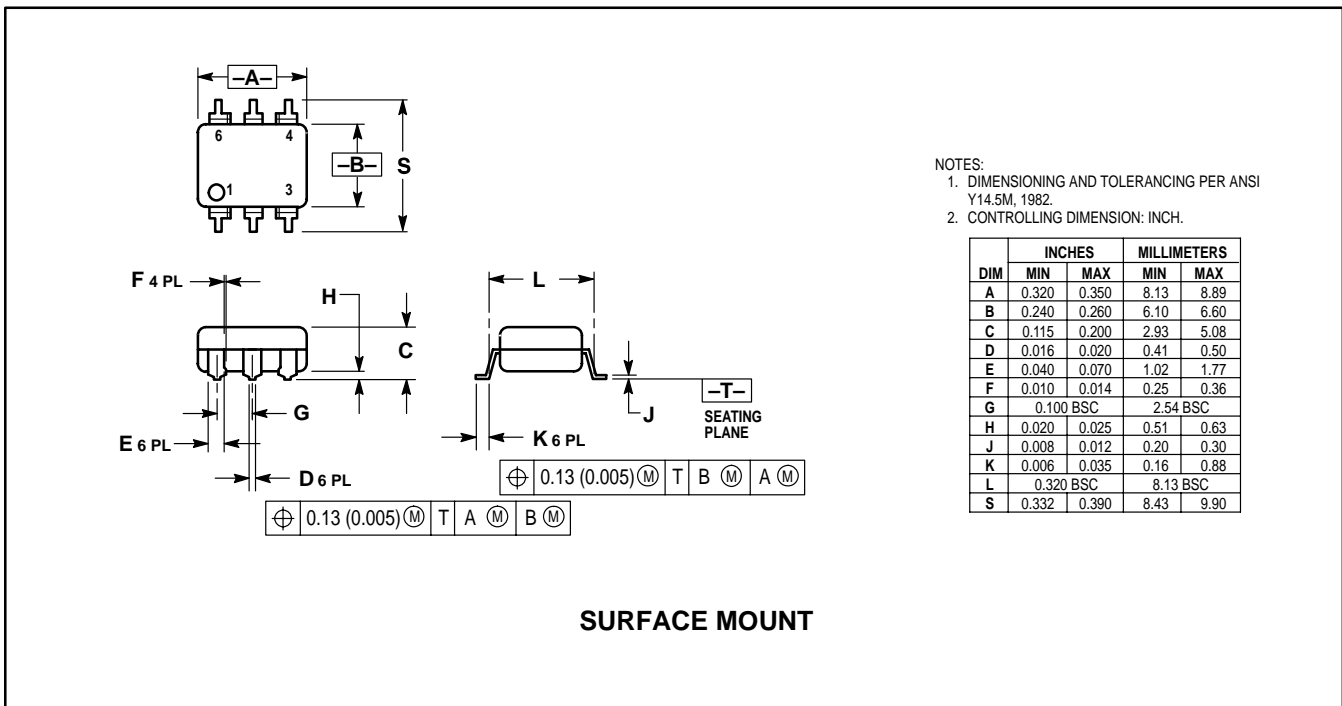
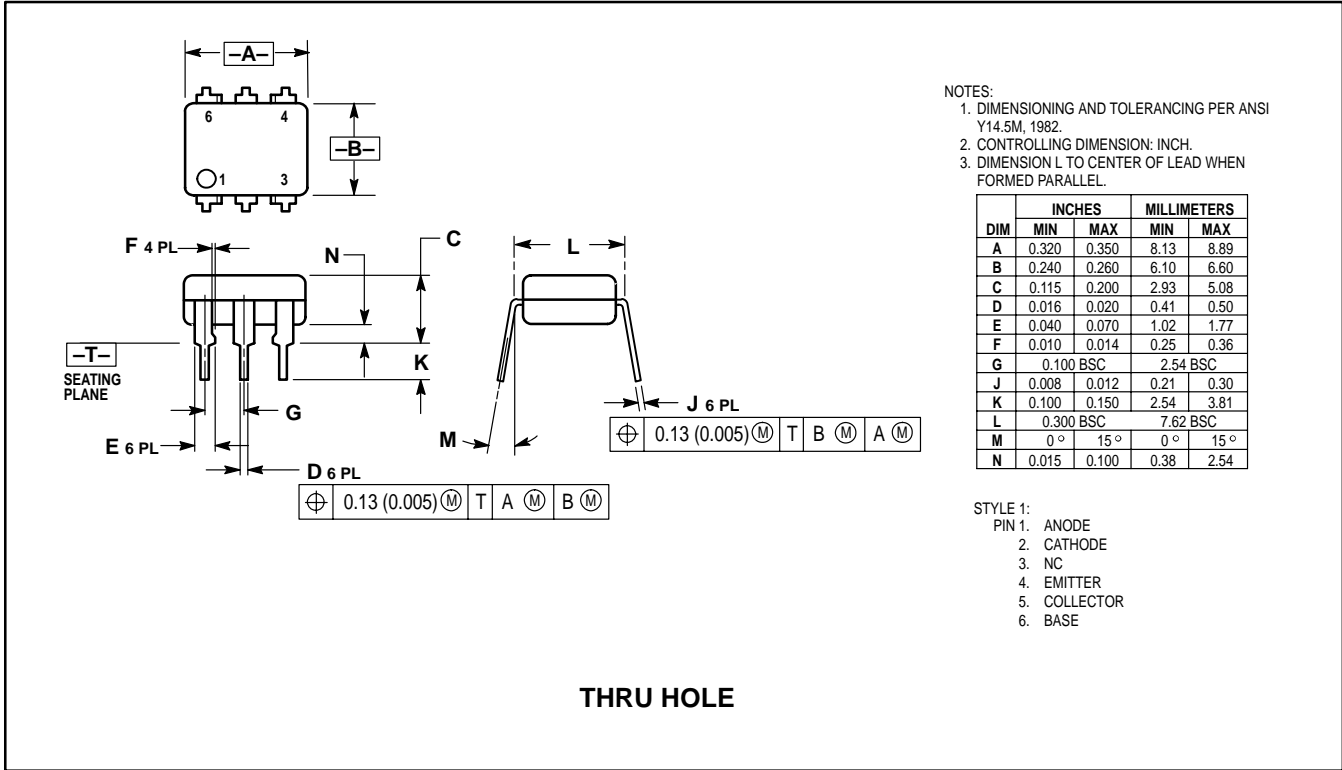


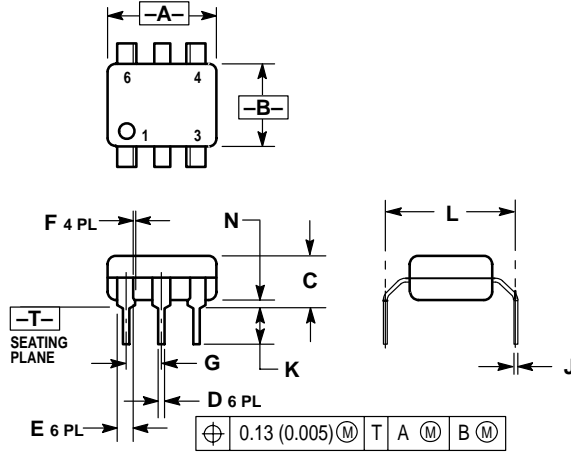
**Figure 10. Capacitances versus Voltage**



**Figure 11. Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveforms**

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**





- NOTES:  
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.  
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.  
 3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.320	0.350	8.13	8.89
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
E	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.008	0.012	0.21	0.30
K	0.100	0.150	2.54	3.81
L	0.400	0.425	10.16	10.80
N	0.015	0.040	0.38	1.02

**0.4" LEAD SPACING**

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